Short Synthesis of a New Cyclopentene-1,3-dione Derivative Isolated from *Piper carniconnectivum*

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A síntese total da ciclopentenodiona (1), isolada das raízes de *Piper carniconnectivum*, é descrita em 8 etapas e 11% de rendimento global a partir do 2-acetilfurano, fornecendo uma mistura 57:43 dos dois possíveis isômeros geométricos 1a e 1b.

The total synthesis of cyclopentene-1,3-dione (1), a new natural cyclopentenedione derivative isolated from the roots of *Piper carniconnectivum*, is described in 8 steps and 11% overall yield from 2-acetylfuran, giving a 57:43 mixture of the two possible geometric isomers 1a and 1b.

Keywords: aldol reaction, allylic alcohol oxidation, cyclopentenedione derivative, *Piper carniconnectivum*

The cyclopentenedione (1a/1b) (Figure 1) is a new natural cyclopentenedione derivative that was isolated recently by Braz-Filho and coworkers1 from the roots of a specimen of Piper carniconnectivum, collected in Porto Velho, Rondônia, in the northern part of Brazil. This specimen belongs to the tropical Piperaceae family, that comprises many important plants, very useful in folk medicine as bioproducers of essential oils.^{2,3} The structure of cyclopentenedione derivative (1) was established by spectroscopic data, mainly 1D and 2D NMR as well as by Electron Impact Mass Spectrometry (EIMS). According to the authors, the isolated cyclopentenedione derivative may have structure **1a** or **1b** or even exist as an equilibrium mixture between these two enol forms showing average ¹H and 13C NMR spectra due to a proposed rapid interconversion between 1a and 1b.

Figure 1. Enol forms of cyclopentenedione derivative (1).